

# The Weekly Shelby News.

BY HENRY F. MIDDLETON. >

VOL: 16:-NO: 8.

[TRUTH AND OUR NATIVE LAND—FEARLESSLY, FAITHFULLY, AND FIRMLY.]

SHELBYVILLE, KENTUCKY, FEBRUARY 21, 1855.

\$2 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

(WHOLE NO: 788.

The Weekly Shelby News,  
Deemed of Politics, Literary, Miscellaneous, and  
General Intelligence, is the LARGEST and CHEAPEST  
village newspaper published in the States, and will  
be sent free of postage in Shelby county, to single  
subscribers, at a DOLLARS A YEAR,  
IN ADVANCE.

or \$2 50 payable within six months after subscribing—  
at which time all subscriptions will be considered due, and chargeable with interest. No paper  
discontinued (except at the option of the Editor) un-  
til all arrearages are paid. A failure to notify a  
subscriber will be considered a new engagement,  
and the paper to be delivered accordingly.

Any person procuring us FIVE subscribers and  
remitting us \$1, will receive one year gratis.  
20 to 30 copies of the large clubs are  
delivered gratis.

All letters and communications through the post  
office to the Editor must be sent free of postage.

The circulation of the Shelby Weekly News is  
large, and is constantly increasing. As a medium of  
communicating with the public, its general and wide  
circulation affords rare opportunities. Terms are as  
follows:

For a square, 12 lines or less, one insertion, \$1 00  
Each additional insertion, 50 cents.

For 12 lines, or less three months, 15 cents.

For 12 lines or less six months, 40 cents.

For 12 lines or less twelve months, 70 cents.

Quarter a column, 12 months, or a column 30 cents.

Half a column, 12 months, or a column, 40 cents.

One column for 12 months, 60 cents.

12<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of Marriages and Deaths pub-  
lished gratis. Obituary Notices, Tributes of Re-  
spect, etc., will be charged 50 cents each, and  
each insertion to exceed the same.

Regular advertisers and all others sending com-  
munications, or requiring notices, designed to call at-  
tention to any public enterprizes, where charges  
are to be made, will be charged 50 cents each in ad-  
dition to the regular rates.

Every notice designed to call attention to  
private enterprises, or calculated or intended to  
promote the personal interests of individuals; or that  
do not possess general interest; will only be pub-  
lished with the understanding that the cost is to be paid  
for the same, at the rate of *ten cents per line*.

If inserted in the editorial column (which can be at the discretion of the editor) the same will be charged at the rate of *not less than twenty cents per line*.

Advertisers will be charged by the year, half,  
yearly or quarterly, unless specially agreed upon; and  
the privilege of yearly advertisers will be confined to  
their regular business, and other advertisements, not  
relating thereto, will be charged at the regular rates for  
extra. Advertisers not marked by the advertiser  
the number of insertions, will be inserted till forbid.

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of altering  
their advertisements four times during the year.  
More frequent changes will be charged for.

Having recently added a variety of new type to our  
JOB OF FICE, we are now prepared to execute all  
orders for any and every kind of Job Printing, in the  
most elegant style, on short notice, and at prices that  
will be sure to give satisfaction.

Ornamental Printing with gold, bronzes and  
colored inks.

LOCAL MEMORANDUMS.

TEMPLARS OF HONOR.

Shelby Temple, No. 21, T. H. and T. Reg-  
ular Meeting, every Monday night, at Tempairs  
Hall, at 6 o'clock.

J. H. Rossen, W.C.T., J. H. Willis, W.V.T.  
J. Clemens, W.R., L. P. Willis, W.A.  
W. C. Moore, W.C.T., J. H. Willis, W.T.  
J. McDavid, W.U., J. H. Smith, W.D.U.

J. W. Bradburn, W.G., N. S. Cleek, W.S.

12<sup>th</sup> SILVER WAYS. SOCIAL DEGREES meets first and  
third Saturday nights of each month, at 6 o'clock.

Miss Kate Ewing, N. G., Mrs. P. Willis, B.T.  
Miss Mary Ewing, V.T., Mrs. P. Willis, B.T.  
Miss J. Stivers, S.U., Frank, S. E.  
Mrs. Neel, S.G., J. W. Bradburn, B.T.  
Mrs. E. L. Shadrack, P.T., J. McDavid, B. Past T.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Golden Rule Division, No. S. I. of S. T. Reg-  
ular Meeting, every Tuesday night, at Odd Fel-  
lows' Hall, at 6 o'clock.

J. H. Rossen, N. G., Mrs. A. R. S.  
Wm. N. Miller, F. S., R. Russell, T.

H. A. Chin, P.S., F. J. Clapp, S. P. G.

Shelby Lodge, No. S. I. O. O. F. Regular  
Meeting, every Thursday night, at Odd Fellows' Hall, at 6 o'clock.

O. B. Bradburn, N. G. Fielding Neel, V.G.  
R. C. Moore, S. F. R. Neel, T.

R. A. C. Martin, S. P. G. A. S. Threlkeld, H.

ODD FELLOWS.

Howard Lodge, No. 15, I. O. O. F. Reg-  
ular Meeting, every Monday night, at Odd Fel-  
lows' Hall, at 6 o'clock.

N. B. Zaring, N. G., Mrs. A. R. S.  
Wm. N. Miller, F. S., R. Russell, T.

H. A. Chin, P.S., F. J. Clapp, S. P. G.

Shelby Lodge, No. S. I. O. O. F. Regular  
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R. C. Moore, S. F. R. Neel, T.

R. A. C. Martin, S. P. G. A. S. Threlkeld, H.

MASON'S.

Solomon's Lodge, No. 5, F. and A. M. Reg-  
ular Meeting, on the second Monday night of each  
month, at Masonic Hall, at 6 o'clock.

S. H. Maschiner, J. W. R. Russell, S.W.  
G. W. Ramsey, Tr. S. B. Neal, S.D.

J. V. Nuckles, J. D. John Churchill, T.

Shelby Royal Arch Chapter, No. 2. Regular  
Meeting, on the first Monday in each month, at  
Masonic Hall, at 6 o'clock.

TOWN OFFICERS.

Policie Judge—Fielding Winlock.

Town Clerk—John L. Clark.

Treasurer—Robt. B. Winlock, Chairman.

H. Hickman, J. Carter, L. T. Threlkeld.

H. Frazer, T. C. McGrath.

Treasurer—Jacob M. Owen.

Clark—John Churchill.

Street Surveyor, W. H. Clark.

.....

CIRCUIT COURT.

Terms commenced on the first Monday in March  
and September, and continue twelve judicial days.

Judge—William F. Bullock, of E. Craig.

Clerk—William A. Jones.

Master Commissioner—Henry Bonham.

Magistrates—Magistrates' Courts—Constables.

1<sup>st</sup> District—F. Neel and John Hall, Magistrates;

2<sup>nd</sup> District—F. Neel, Constable. Courts: first Friday in March, June, September and December.

2<sup>nd</sup>—R. S. Saunders and C. W. Lawson, Magistrates;

C. T. Rutherford, Constable. Courts: Saunders' on Thursday and Lawson's, on Thursday after the second Monday in March, June, September, and December.

3<sup>rd</sup>—C. White and J. C. Steedman, Magistrates;

J. Bonham, Constable. Courts: White's, on the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Mondays, and Steedman's, on the Friday in March, June, September and December.

4<sup>th</sup>—T. G. Dunlap and J. E. Sadowsky, Magistrates;

W. H. Mason, Constable. Courts: fourth Saturday in June, September and December.

5<sup>th</sup>—R. L. Luttrell, Constable. Courts: Luttrell's, on

second Friday, and Oliver's, on the last Monday, in March, June, September and December.

6<sup>th</sup>—J. H. Clarke and W. A. McBride, Magistrates;

C. W. Jacob, Constable. Courts: on Thursday

the third Monday in March, June, September and December.

7<sup>th</sup>—C. W. Ward and B. A. Bowland, Magistrates;

W. E. Poole, Constable. Courts: on the last

Tuesday and Brown's on the second Friday in March, June, September and December.

8<sup>th</sup>—J. H. Clarke and W. A. McBride, Magistrates;

C. W. Jacob, Constable. Courts: on

Thursday the third Monday in March, June, September and December.

The timber when dry is as light as the

lightest wood; when green very heavy.

Forty couple frequently dance on the base

of one of these trees. It is worth a voy-  
age to California to see those trees.

## The Shelby News.

Friends and Fellow-Citizens:

“*Messrs. LAY & BROTHER, 51 south street, below Chestnut, are authorized agents for the Shelby News, in Philadelphia.*

“*J. L. CALDWELL, Esq., is our Agent at Clayville, and is fully authorized to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the Shelby News, and to receive for subscriptions and advertisements for The Shelby News.*

“*J. W. PRUITT, Esq., is our Agent at Frankfort, and is fully authorized to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the Shelby News, and to receive for subscriptions and advertisements for The Shelby News.*

“*S. H. PARVIN, Newspaper Agent, 60, 4th street, west of Walnut is our Agent in Cincinnati, Ohio, to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the Shelby News, and to receive for advertisements for The Shelby News.*

“*MESSRS. CRANE & CO., No. 57, South Street, Philadelphia, are our authorized agents for the Shelby News.*

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“*JOHN W*

# The Shelby News.

AMERICANS SHALL RULE AMERICA.

The Shelby News is the largest and cheapest village newspaper published in Kentucky.

Terms—\$2 in advance; \$2 50, payable within six months after subscribing, at which time all subscriptions will be due and chargeable with interest.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1855.

We regret to learn that the severity of the winter, with the scarcity of provision, is causing the death of great numbers of hogs and cattle.

Correspondence of The Shelby News.

**Chips' Abroad!**  
SKY-PARLOR, No. 7, GALT HOUSE, Feb. 17, 1855.

Dear News:

I left our city yesterday, on board Tom. Young's 4-horse packet, and reached here about 2 p. m. The Stage was pretty well crowded; so much so, that I had to take a berth in the fore-booth. It was not very comfortable, but I preferred it, to being "scrunged up" between a portly member of the "City Council" and a Clerk of a Court! An hour's drive, after leaving "Cabin-Town," brought us to the ancient "City of Peth." It has undergone but little change since I last seen it; in fact, the only change I could discover, was, the "little nigger" was not asleep on the porch in front of "Hughes' Tavern."

After changing horses, and "wooding" we started, and were soon "brought up" in front of the Davis House, where we again "wooded." A couple of hours more, and we arrived in Louisville, the great "Falls City." We arrived "just in time" for dinner,—such a dinner,—the meanest I ever remember of "settling down" to. Mighty long tables; lots of fine dishes, but nothing on them. I asked a "nigger" for some chicken, and he brought me a slice of corned beef; I then asked him for some fried eggs, and presently he came back in a great hurry with a dish of boiled onions! My friend "the Col." called for a glass of milk, and got champagne! He was very well satisfied, however, with the mistake.

After dinner, I went to the river to find out when a boat would start for St. Louis. As none were to leave until to-day, I resolved to "stroll around" and see "the elephants." Going up Third street, I came across the "Soap and Perfumery Establishment" of Col. Wm. H. STANDEFORD. Stepping in, I found him busily engaged in attending to customers. The Col. looks as smug as ever, and sends his "best" to the ladies.

We walked about the city until the hour for supper; when, after a scene similar to that at dinner, I started out to visit the Theatre, but, finding the bill for the evening not very attractive, I concluded to go to bed. I was much disappointed to find that the "Kunkel's" had left; they return, however, next week, a complimentarily benefit having been tendered them by a large number of citizens.

The city is filling up with persons from all parts of the State, and it is presumed that "Sam" will hold a Grand Convention on Thursday next.

I leave at 10 o'clock, this morning, on the Crystal Palace. *Adieu!*

"Boy in the White Hat."

Henry Female College.

....., Kr., Feb. 8, 1855.

Editor of the *Shelby News*:

It is pleasing to observe the large number of Schools, Academies, and Colleges, with which our country is supplied; and it is more pleasing that so many of them are designed for the education of Young Ladies. The time was, when parents were disposed to secure good opportunities of education for their sons, and lessow very meagre attainments upon their daughters; but, thanks to this progressive age, they begin to realize the great truth, that their daughters have minds susceptible of the highest intellectual and moral cultivation; and that, unless opportunities are afforded them, they will inevitably be doomed to occupy inferior positions in society.

Among the many Female Schools, there is none more worthy of note, than *Henry Female College*, located in New Castle, under charge of S. S. SCARER, a gentleman of marked ability, and of high moral integrity and literary attainments. Mr. S. S. with no capital but that of individual energy, has succeeded in establishing a College, second to none in our State, and one that will, ere long, rank first among the Female Colleges of the West.

A friend handed me, a few days since, a copy of the "Annual Catalogue, for the year ending June, 1854," from which I learn that: the College contains 125 pupils—an unusually large number for a school that has been in existence four years.

The Catalogue contains also, a Poem by G. D. FRENTZ, Esq.; an Address by Rev. C. B. PARKER, and the Addresses of the Graduating Class.

The Poem is a gem—such a one as would emanate from the pen of FRENTZ. The Address of Mr. PARKER is decidedly the most lucid and elegant essay on the subject I ever remember reading, and I advise every one who wishes to read a master production from a master mind to read it. The Addresses by the Young Ladies composing the Graduating Class, are all of high literary merit; and one, that of Miss MOLLIE PAVOR,—subject, Untitled Nobility—reflected honor, not only upon herself, but upon the College. She is, without doubt, one of those who she so sweetly speaks. Below are extracts:

"There is not a man but who admires  
The wisdom of your pious sires,  
When, 'scaped from Europe's martyr-fires,  
They drew the Yankee witches;

And all who stoned did not stick  
To the gallows, but served 'Old Nick,'

They left on gallows high, to kick,  
Supposed by the breeches."

To Old Soldiers.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 8th, 1855.

The two following resolutions were, (among others,) unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That while we deeply deplore the ultimate death of so many of our brethren in arms, we pledge ourselves to aid and protect their bereaved widows and orphans, and here, on this most interesting occasion, we extend to each other the right hand of fellowship, and bind ourselves by every sacred obligation to stand by each other while we live, in defense of all our rights at home and abroad.

Resolved, That the Speaker announced the first business in order to be Mr. Bennett's bill granting lands equally to the several States for railroad and school purposes.—Mr. Hamilton being entitled to the floor, Mr. Haven appealed to him to yield, with the view of going into the committee of the whole on the state of the Union on the Appropriation bills. He said there were now only fourteen days of the session, and those bills may be lost unless they are once acted on. Mr. Houston, "No doubt of it." Mr. Hamilton moved that Mr. Bennett's bill be committed to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and demanded the previous question, pending which the House went into committee on the mail steamer appropriation bill.

Mr. Toucey introduced a bill to increase the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court, which was passed—yeas 30 nays 15.

A bill was reported from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, appropriating \$75,000 to Commodore Perry, for negotiating the treaty with Japan.

JAN. 15th.—There has been a continued fall of snow, and it is now 24 feet deep.

Preparations for a renewal of the bombardment are progressing rapidly on the part of the British. Polish deserters from the Russians have given important information respecting the vanguards and their batteries. Movements are observed among the Russians, and it is reported that General Liprandi has received strong bodies of re-enforcements.

JAN. 16th.—The Russians appeared in considerable force near Balaklava, which, it was thought, they had abandoned.

There was another heavy fall of snow to-day.

The 29th British infantry has disembarked. The steamer Simla has arrived with four hundred horses.

JAN. 22d.—The weather is fine, but the British troops continue sickly. Abundant supplies of all kinds are received including shot, shell, and clothing, but no horses.

There is no progress to report in the siege.

The British 35th and 14th regiments have disembarked. The French have undertaken to hold the whole of the British works.

Large bodies of Russians are again concentrating at Reni. Sadik Pacha proceeded with his available troops to that point. The Russians made a reconnoitring from Tultsch on the 10th and 11th, between the Sulina mouth of the Danube, and skirmishes took place on both days.

JAN. 23d.—The St. Petersburgh Journal gives the official account of the recent crossing of the Danube, and describes it as a reconnoitring on the force of the enemy. Letters, however, say it was really an advance of the whole Russian army, which was stopped by the orders of the Russian Ambassador at Vienna, to prevent any embassies to negotiations.

Schamyl's existence and continuance in command is proved by a recent foray at Tiflis—so that the report of his death is untrue.

SPAIN.—Some new arrests have been made on suspicion of the Carlist conspiracy. Reports say the Carlists have raised extensive funds in Holland. A Madrid resident of the 23rd says that Soule was seriously sick. The police have been searching Sea's banking-house, expecting to find conspirators concealed there.

ITALY.—Numerous arrests have been made at Florence, on the pretext of a revolutionary conspiracy having been discovered. Arrests have also been made at Lodi, because of the sales of Mazzinian bonds.

The Dutch Envoy sent to Japan has re-

turned with the assurance that Holland will continue on a footing with the most favored nations.

## Communications.

### A Word from Ladies.

To the Boy in the White Hat:

We, the Ladies, all thank you for inducing the "city fathers," or some other good citizens, to have the cellar doors repaired; and we would be glad, if you would take a walk down Fifth street some pleasant day, and take a view of our sidewalk, and we advise you to bring a ladder, or a block-and-tackle with you, or you may not be able to slide down the offset of several feet that is in it, as we have to do; and probably you can induce our "city fathers" to repair said offset.

Your Friends, THE LADIES.

Temperature and Intemperance.—No. 4.

To the Editor of The Shelby News—

Mr. MIDDLETON: In Nos. two and three we gave some illustrations of popular fanaticism, intended to develop, in some instances, the peculiar susceptibilities of certain mental and moral kinds of organism, and, in others, the ludicrous facility with which some men of high pretensions, effect the coincidence of the moral and political extremes, at the same point of the circle. The man of one idea is the most refractory reasoner alive. He seizes upon some favorite bait, thrown out by a "Down East" mountebank, or some religious lunatic from the land of "wooden encumbered," and takes up the speed and up roar of the "tempest," and then retire into the same kind of stormy dignity and moral movement.

It cannot be claimed that this class of men were brought to this point by the flimsy demagoguery of "smoke stories," mawhish nursery anecdotes, or petticoat breeches argument, of any description, by either "wright" or wrong lecturers.—All these had been tucked away, and sound asleep for a twenty years' campaign. These, like Moses, stood still to see the salvation; and only asking: "By whom shall Jacob now arise?" Fortunately, at this very point, it was suddenly discovered that the vitals of the sober society—those who had signed no pledge, and entered no Division, or Temple, were on the right side of the great

newly-born dignitary, viz: "SAM," is already in a fair way to care for the latter evil; while the former must remain lieved for years to come.

In 1853, the temperance party were nearly subdued by mere *enmity*. Divisions were rapidly dissolving and surrendering their charters, and all *temperance* men were asking, silently: "What is to be done?"

The entire circle of temperance demonstration had been traversed,—from the old pledge of 1825, through the more modern phases of "teetotalism," "Washingtonism," and the cementing process of organized Divisions. But it was found, that the more noisy and fanatical of the reformation itself, had gone down to the tomb of all fanaticisms, both of ancient and modern times; and there was no hope of a future resurrection of the dead, unless some new fulmin could be added, adapted to a more efficient leverage than the merely popular breeze, that so sensibly awakens the trans-continental zeal of the kingdom of popular lunacy.

Most voices, like Riley's Arabs, came to the rescue with the speed and up roar of the "tempest," and then retire into the same kind of stormy dignity and moral movement.

It is not very comfortable, but I preferred it, to being "scrunged up" between a portly member of the "City Council" and a Clerk of a Court! An hour's drive, after leaving "Cabin-Town," brought us to the ancient "City of Peth."

It has undergone but little change since I last seen it; in fact, the only change I could discover, was, the "little nigger" was not asleep on the porch in front of "Hughes' Tavern."

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Stepping in, I found him busily engaged in attending to customers. The Col. looks as smug as ever, and sends his "best" to the ladies.

PAVON.

Democratic Meeting.

At a Democratic Meeting held in Shelbyville, on Monday, February 12, 1865,—it being County Court day—for the purpose of appointing delegates to attend a Democratic Convention, to be held at Frankfort, on the 15th of March next, Capt. B. C. STEPHENS, was called to the chair, and A. F. SCARCE appointed Secretary.

The Chairman having briefly explained the object of the meeting, a committee was appointed, consisting of one from each precinct in the county, to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting, and to nominate delegates to attend said Convention. The committee consisted of the following gentlemen: Col. T. N. Allen, Thos. Smith, Col. Wm. Corley, T. N. Allen, Capt. B. C. Stephens, Capt. H. A. Williams, Capt. H. A. Parker, and Dr. Wm. Baker; who retired from the meeting, a short time, and on their return reported, through their chairman, Dr. J. Baker, the following resolutions and list of delegates; which were unanimously adopted:

Mr. Murray, from the Committee on Printing, reported a resolution which was passed, ordering the printing of 12,000 copies of the report of the Commissioner of Patents. Also for printing 2,000 copies of the mechanics' part.

A resolution was also passed for printing of 10,000 copies of the report of Commodore Perry's expedition to Japan, on for printing 10,000 copies of the survey on the Pacific coast.

SEASIDE, Jan. 12.—Nothing is doing by the British except getting up shot, shell and provision, and the French are in imminent danger of being overwhelmed.

Denmark has appointed a military commission to place the Danish forts in a state of defense.

A treaty between England, France, and Sardinia has been signed to guard the Austrian territory amount to 80,000 men, but Prussia refuses to permit them to march through her territory.

The Greek difficulty has been arranged, and England has granted a loan of 1,100,000 sterling to Sardinia.

The Prussian army is placed on a war footing. The French force to be detailed to guard the Austrian territory amount to 80,000 men, but Prussia refuses to permit them to march through her territory.

A communication was received from the Secretary of War respecting the Indian reservation at Fort Leavenworth. Referred to Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. Bell, from the Postoffice Committee, introduced a bill providing a system for registering money letters, agreeable to the recommendation of the Postmaster General.

Prussia is preparing for action, and has decreed an immediate mobilization of her own army, and the 4th and 6th corps have been ordered to occupy Saxony and Silesia.

A number of territorial bills were considered and passed, and also a bill to accommodate the United States Courts and Postoffice at Baltimore.

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H. F. MIDDLETON, EDITOR.

"Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence, I conjure you to believe me, fellow-citizens, the salutary of a free people ought to be constantly awake, since history and experience prove that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of a Republic Government." — WASHINGTON.

"It is time we should become a little more Americanized." — JACKSON.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1855.

THE SHELBY NEWS.—  
Of Sales, advertised in the *Shelby News*, and by bills  
printed at the *News* Office.

AT PRIVATE SALES.—  
The fine Residence of Mrs. Lane, in Shelbyville. The Farm, and Storehouse, belonging to the estate of R. W. Glass, deceased. See ad.

AT PUBLIC SALE.—  
February 22: Property of B. Tyler, dec'd; see bill March 1; Farm of L. Powell, in Daviess county. March 8: The farm belonging to the heirs of John Moore, dec'd; see ad.

March 19: The tavern house and other property belonging to the estate of Isham Talbot, dec'd. See ad.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—  
Read all the special notices.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—  
Law Office Removed.—  
Thos. J. Throop has removed his law office to the room over Joseph H. H. Smith's Store, in the rear of the building.

First Goods at Auction.—See the advertisement of W. J. Chin, offering a large stock of fine Goods at Auction. The Ladies are particularly invited, as many goods just coming in season will be offered.

The Auction will be held on Friday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the room over Joseph H. H. Smith's Store, and we understand, no candidate for money will be admitted.

Sold Out.—By their notice in *day's paper*, it will be seen that Adler & Loewenthal have sold their Dry Goods Store to L. Adler, who will continue the business.

Look Out!—Executors, Administrators, and guardians are referred to the notice of the County Court.

Strayed.—See notice of Stone & Wooten, of a dark bay mule strayed off.

See.—See the notice of the property belonging to the estate of Isham Talbot, dec'd, at public sale.

Best Chance.—See the advertisement of Rowden & Brush, who are selling out their entire stock.

J. S. Sharrard.—See the advertisement of J. S. Sharrard, who has just received a lot of Harrison's Perfumery, and is repairing Watches, Jewelry, etc., and manufacturing Silverware.

Removed.—By the advertisement of George T. Moore, the reader will see that he has removed his Dry Goods Store to the rear of the Public Square; and that he has a fine assortment of all articles in his line on hand which he offers at fair prices.

On Hand.—We would remind readers of the Templars' celebration on Wednesday evening; on which occasion Addresses will be delivered by Bros. McDavitt & Seaman.

And, the Odd-Fellows' celebration on Thursday evening; when Thos. W. Brown will make an address on the subject of *Secret Societies*.

Our Correspondents.

Phys.—The fourth number of "Physyon" will be found on the second page. His articles lose nothing in interest. No. 5—the concluding No.—will appear in our next.

The Ladies.—We call the attention of "The Boys in the White Hat," to the brief note of "The Ladies," and hope he, or they, may induce the "City Fathers" to remove the cause of complaint.

Democratic.—Our Democratic readers will find the proceedings of the meeting on the 12th, in another column. We understand that some expected the publication last week; but we did not receive the copy until Friday.

Chips.—"The Boy in the White Hat," having left us for a while, on a "business tour," sends a letter from Louisville. Should suspect that he had "wooded" pretty freely before he got to the "city of Peth," or he would not have expected that "little nigger" to be asleep on the pitch, on such a day as Friday. "The wooding" must have had some exciting ingredient in it which operated on the visual organ—especially to make "fried eggs" look like "boiled onions!" and to give milk the appearance of champagne.

"The Boy" should have remained in the Falls City, to get a peep at "Sam"—the most important personage in these days in all our widespread dominions—perfectly ubiquitous—here, there, everywhere, at the same time: he must be worth seeing. We should like to hear the report of some one who has seen the gentleman; for though scores have felt his grip, we have not yet heard of his invincibility having been penetrated.

Success to "The Boy in the White Hat." May his trip be successful and pleasant.

Knob!—This correspondent speaks of the Henry Female College, at New Castle, and pays well-merited compliments to the Principal and School.

It is not Our Turn?—Candidates for Congress in this District, we understand, are becoming quite numerous. Now, we opine that the county of Shelby is being overlooked too much;—that it is her turn now. For lo! these many years, she has quietly relinquished her claims, and cheerfully given her vote to candidates from other counties. She has the material, and we think, the aspirants from the other parts of the District, should yield all pretensions, and accede to Shelby's candidate. With either William C. Bullock, Thomas W. Brown, or Martin D. McHenry in Congress, the Seventh District would be ably represented, and the character of the District for sending men of talents to the National Council, fully sustained. We go in for the right of Shelby to the next Representative in Congress, and hope that the entire District will as cheerfully accede to our suggestion, and give their united and cordial support to the gentlemen who may be designated as the candidate by Shelby, as she has ever done for candidates selected from other parts of the District.

Swallowing a Bar of Lead.—On Christmas day, at Wapello, Iowa, a Mr. T. W. Bates, was showing off his dexterity in putting a bar of lead, eleven inches in length, down his throat, and letting go his hold it slipped down his throat into his stomach! On the 3d January, Dr. J. Bell opened the stomach, and extracted the lead. At the latest accounts Bates was rapidly recovering!

Know-Nothings in Arkansas.—The resolutions condemning the Know-Nothings were expunged by the Democratic Legislature of Arkansas. The Democrats of that body concluded, after all, that they did not know anything about the Know-Nothings.

A portion—and only a portion—of those who voted against expunging it, signed a protest, and had it entered upon the journal of the House.

Look!—Will some friend send us a load of Hay, or a few dozen bundles of Oats, to keep the life in our Cow?

The Kentucky New Era.

"From some cause the *Shelby News* has ceased to come to our office."—*Kentucky New Era*.

We presume, that The *Shelby News* has been regularly mailed to the *Era*, at Lexington, with our other papers for that city; and when there was any reference to the *Era*, we have, ourselves, mailed another copy to Midway.

"Friend Middleton is, I fear, somewhat out of temper, but he hope it is right otherwise."—*New Era*.

We are all "right, otherwise," and also, too. And we are not "out of temper." We never permit ourself to be put "out of temper" by—a trifl!

The worst of the matter, is, we are in the dark, considerably."—*New Era*.

No doubt that you are in the dark; but the worst is that you have always been enlightened, and there are no hopes that you will ever be "otherwise."—We need no black-board demonstrations to elucidate that fact.

The Hon. Chilton Allan has, we are informed, addressed a letter to some one, which made its appearance in The *Shelby News*, accompanied by a highly inflammatory editor. Mr. Middleton endorses the sentiments of Mr. Allan, and his principles.

This last circumstance is unfortunate.—We ask no higher evidence of their unsoundness, in the absence of the document itself.

The Hon. Chilton Allan, in his letter to us, did not refer to temperance, nor did we allude to the subject, in our brief preface to his able and eloquent argument, in favor of Americans ruling America. The New Era's attempted sneer at the noble and eloquent statesman and patriot finds a parallel in the cockney's gun.

Struck wide, the mark, and kicked the owner over."

Vetoed.—The President has vetoed the *Intelligencer* Bill. We think he acted right. If it were a just claim, the Government would have paid it fifty years ago.

Be noisy, now, dear Era: The *Shelby News* is no rival of yours. We have never assumed to enter the lists with you for the organization of the political party; nor to speak for it. The *Shelby News* will never be in your way; for we can say to you, as used to be said to the *fly*: "Go, tiny thing! there is room enough in the world for you and I!" So, Mr. Era, do not permit the great popularity of The *Shelby News*, the utter impossibility of your ever approximating it, and the universal approval of its course, accorded by the stable, conservative, and reliable friends of temperance, to misrepresent and falsehoods, that "common" newspapers—whose editors have not assumed "the liberty of the court of heaven,"—would feel themselves disgraced by perverting.

Mr. Era!—"hide thy bosom—hide it deep.—A thousand snakes, with black, venomous mouths, Nest there, and hiss and thunder all thy heart!"

Monetary.—From our exchanges, we learn, that monetary affairs in the northern and eastern cities are much easier. In New York the reports are, that it is more plenty and easier obtained than it has been for the past two years. We sincerely hope that the "good times" will extend out west.

Breakers Ahead.—In New York, Massachusetts, and other States, where Free-soil, Abolition, and other fanatical isms furnish demagogues hobbies to ride into office, the growth of the American party was seized upon as a means of political advancement; and by abjuring all other party ties, and affiliating with the American organization, and by chicanery, they obtained place and power, which they have used to the injury of the American party, as in the election of HENRY WILSON and W. H. Seward.

And in Kentucky, we fully believe that demagogues, and persons who could not get into place, and power on their own merits, or on the merits of the principles they advocated, have joined the American organization, with the intention of advancing their own interests, and the side issues they advocate. They have not come upon the American platform because the recently developed banalities of the move, and cordially endorse the principles which constitute its platform; but because they are more devoted to their opinions on some ephemeral question, and hope to use the American organization to accomplish their views and aims.

We hope the American party will shun these breakers. Let the party so act, that no shade of suspicion shall attach to them, that they are not honest in their determination to carry out their principles in good faith. And if demagogues and tricksters are dissatisfied with this action, let them leave; the American party will be cleaner and stronger by their absence.

SENATOR WILSON NOT ELECTED BY THE KNOW-NOTHINGS.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune, says:—

"Those who think it was *Know Nothing* that elected Wilson, it is said, do not know that he was elected by a large and significant whiff. Of course there are many who would prefer such a man as Chas. H. Adams, Stephen C. Phillips, or Richard H. Dana; but under the circumstances, they deem it better that a pretty strong dose should be administered to Boston Whigerry. The legacy that Daniel Webster leaves the United States Senate is Charles Sumner and Henry Wilson.—These are the first fruits of his famous 7th of March speech."

A Daffodil.—An affair of honor came off near Moreland's Post Office in Bourbon county, just beyond the Fayette line, on Friday morning, the 16th inst., between Theophilus Steele, son of Thomas Steele, of Franklin, and James Blackburn, son of E. M. Blackburn, of Woodford. They fought with Pistols at ten paces, and at the first fire Mr. Blackburn received the ball of his adversary's pistol in his leg about four inches above his knee, causing a wound which we are gratified to learn, is not a serious one. The difficulty was then, through the intervention of friends amicably adjusted. Mr. Steele was untouched.

Both the young gentlemen are students in attendance upon the lectures now being delivered in this city.—Mr. Blackburn attested the law and Mr. Steele the medical lectures. Of the cause of the difficulty we are not advised.—*Lex. Obs. & Rep.*

THE HEMP MARKET.—The St. Louis Republican, of Feb. 9th says:

Respecting hemp, we have nothing of interest to state. The stock in the warehouses has not been reduced a bale for the last ten or twelve days. It amounts to only about 4,500 bales, and under ordinary circumstances would soon be exhausted; but with such shipping facilities as we have had, the business of our city manufacturers suspended, nothing could be done.

In the full assurance that the New Era shortly strike a tangent, and run wild in some other line of fanaticism.

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HON. CHILTON ALLAN.—The able and eloquent letter of Hon. Chilton Allan on Americanism, which we had the pleasure to lay before our readers a few weeks since, is being republished in every section of our country; and whenever published, meets with universal commendation from numerous notices of it, we desire to annexed:

We publish in our paper to-day, a very able letter from the pen of Hon. Chilton Allan, which will, of course, command the attention of the readers of this paper. It is written with all the vigor and ability which characterize the productions of that right-thinking statesman.—*Lex. Observer.*

CHIPS.—"The Boy in the White Hat," having left us for a while, on a "business tour," sends a letter from Louisville. Should suspect that he had "wooded" pretty freely before he got to the "city of Peth," or he would not have expected that "little nigger" to be asleep on the pitch, on such a day as Friday. "The wooding" must have had some exciting ingredient in it which operated on the visual organ—especially to make "fried eggs" look like "boiled onions!" and to give milk the appearance of champagne.

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For "The Shelby News."

Town Chips.

Business of importance in a neighboring State, demanding my attention, I will not have the opportunity of "picking up" any "Chips" for a week or two. What a hard time "us lawyers" have! pity what we could get somebody to "blow our trumpet." Until my return,

I remain,

Your old' Servant,

"THE BOY IN THE WHITE HAT."

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Washington's Farewell Address.—The reader will find on the first page, the Farewell Address of GEORGE WASHINGTON. We hope they will all read it.

Literary Club.—Until further notice, the meetings of the Literary Club are suspended.

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At Last.—The House of Representatives, on the 13th, passed the Senate's resolution, conferring the title of Lieut. General on WINFIELD SCOTT.

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# The Garland.

**THE RIDE IN THE CART.**  
BY MARY TELL.

Let them talk of the biles of a chariot,  
With four prancing horses before,  
With a liveried coachman to drive it,  
And a lackey to open the door.  
The biles you may do, but of a chariot  
May enter, and enjoyment impart,  
But, for fun and for frolic, there's nothing  
Like a rough, wholesome ride in the cart.

Memory carries me back to that morning  
When, hooded and shawled for a ride,  
We entered the cart (with a donkey).  
And an escort to way by our side;  
How glad to see such a fellow!

When sooning the creature to go,  
With "Get up, sweet donkey, good fellow,  
You'll carry us safely, I know."

Through the solem old woods we slow wended  
Lined thick with its sentinel trees,  
And hear the low musical breathings  
Of leaves played by the wind.

We were glad to hear the sweet music;

A shade seemed to fall on the heart,  
And we truly became sentimental,

Whilst riding about in the cart.

Tell me not pleasure dwells in the ball-room,  
Where vanity stalks in its pride,

Where deceit and contempt, like twin-sisters,  
Commanded, and all sides in side;

With the noise of silver and satin,  
Conceal the deep rankling dart.

Where bright eyes, like jewels, are flashing,  
But no eye sees the grief-shaded heart.

Tell me not the proudest halls of fashion  
That gaudy only is found,

That the polks' the summit of pleasure,  
And there's no room where to go round;

Would you give up the enjoyment?

The walk or gondole can impart,

For a bright, sunny heaven above me,

And a ride through the woods in a cart.

When they talk of the biles of a chariot,  
With four horses prancing before,

I will think of that quiet old donkey,

With the shade that falls on the heart;

When sooning the creature to go,

With "Get up, sweet donkey, good fellow,

You'll carry us safely, I know."

ELLINGWOOD & CO. offer to purchasers a fine assortment of LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS, at 5¢ and 10¢ per paper. Jan 24, 1854 1784

## THE LAST NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHELBY RAILROAD CO.,  
TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1855.

THE Board of Directors of the Shelby Railroad Company are again convened to call earnestly upon delinquent stockholders, for the payment of their stock subscriptions. The Company are in debt, and judgment has already been rendered against them, and they will be liable in numerous instances, unless the stockholders will pay their dues.

All persons, without distinction, in arrears for payment of their stock, will therefore take notice that, unless they can pay the same on or before the 1st day of March, next, the Company, in self-defense, will be compelled to institute suits.

Notes can be made payable in four, eight, and twelve months, at the convenience of stockholders.

By order of the Board.

THOS. J. THROOP, Treasurer  
Shelby Railroad Company.

Feb 7, 1855 1786



ELLINGWOOD & CO. offer to purchasers a fine assortment of LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS, at 5¢ and 10¢ per paper.

Jan 24, 1854 1784

## I AM READY!

I HAVE opened a general EATING and JOB SHOP, in this place, and will sell to Farmers and others, who have purchased Sanford's Patent and Straw Cutters, that they need, repairing.

I can do all the work that is required, thoroughly understand the business. Plain Tines, shrike his shoulders rolls up his eyes, and you must call again. A wife asks for a fashionable brocade, a daughter for a new bonnet; he puts in his caveat, and brocade and bonnet is postponed.

An impudent fellow is Tight Times. Ask

for a discount, and he looks over your shoulder, winks to the cashier, and your note is thrown out. Ask a loan of the usurers at one per cent, a month he looks over your securities, and marks two and a half.

Prest a bit to your debtor. Tight Times

shrike his shoulders rolls up his eyes, and you must call again. A wife asks for a

fashionable brocade, a daughter for a new

bonnet; he puts in his caveat, and brocade

and bonnet is postponed.

A great decapitator of stocks is Tight

Times. He steps in among the brokers and down goes Central to par, to ninety-five, ninety-eighty-five. He plays the dice

with Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, and Erie. He goes along the railroads in process of construction, and Irishmen throw

down their shovels and walks away. He

puts his mark upon railroad bonds, and

they find no purchasers, and are passed out of market, become obsolete, absolutely dead.

A great exploder of bubbles is Tight

Times. He looks into the affairs of gold

companies, and they fly to pieces; into

kiting banks and they stop payment; into

rickety insurance companies and they

vanish away. He walks around corner lots,

draws a line across lithographic cities, and

they disappear. He leaves his foot-print

among the mines, and the rich metal be-

comes dross. He breathes upon the cun-

ning schemes of speculation, and they

burst like a torpedo.

A hard master for the poor, is a cruel

enemy to the laboring masses, is Tight Times.

He takes the mechanic from his bench,

the laborer from his work, the hod-carrier from his ladder.

He runs up the prices of provisions and

they drop down the wages of labor.

He runs up the price of fuel, and

he runs down the ability to purchase it at

any price. He makes little children hungry

and dry for food, cold and dry for fire

and clothing. He makes poor women sad,

makes mothers weep, discourages hearts

of fathers, carries care and anxiety into

families, and sits a crouching desolation in

the corner and on the hearth-stones of the

poor. A hard master to the people is

Tight Times.

A curious fellow is Tight Times, full of

idiosyncrasies and crochets. A cosmopolite, a wonderer, too. Where he comes

from nobody knows, and where he goes

no body knows. He flashes along the

telegraph wires, he takes a free passage in

the cars, he seats himself in the stages, or

goes along the turnpike on foot. He is a

gentleman on Wall street to-day, and a

back settler on the borders of civilization

to-morrow. We hear of him in London,

Paris, in St. Petersburg, at Vienna, Berlin,

at Constantinople, at Calcutta, in China,

all over the commercial world in every

great city in every rural district, every

where.

There is one way to avoid being born

by this troublesome fellow, Tight Times.

It is the only way for a country, a city, a

town, as well as individual men to keep

shut of his presence always. Let the country

that would banish him beware of over-

extravagance, of speculation, of overrating,

of embarking in visionary schemes of ag-

grandizement. Let it keep out of wars,

internal commotions, and go right along,

taking care of its own interests and

husbanding its resources. Let the city

that would exclude him be economical in

its expenditures, indulging in no scheme of

speculation, make no improvements, build-

ing no railroads that it cannot pay for with-

holding its credit from mushroom corpora-

tions; keeping down its taxes, and going

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his domestic circle, be industrious, frugal,

keeping out of the whirlpool of poli-

ties, indulging no taste for office, holding

up his dish when puddings fail from the

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